Testing electronic control unit (current to solenoid valve "pressure reduction stage").

Note

Not possible on electronic control unit 3rd version with green or blue type rating plate. Installed starting February 1984.

Actuation

Attention! Do not actuate brake pedal. Depress pushbutton VL (34), VR (35) and HA (36) one after the other. In addition, push yellow light button (32) at each pushbutton position. After releasing yellow light button, wait for zero readout, only then push yellow light button again. Following each pushbutton and light button actuation, read value on tester.

Readout	
Good	Fault
Lamp 1 (green) Digital readout: between 4.5–5.7 A	Readout: < (lower) 4.5 A > (higher) 5.7 A

Electronic control unit defective.

Remedy

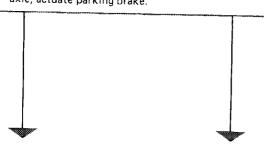
Replace electronic control unit (20).

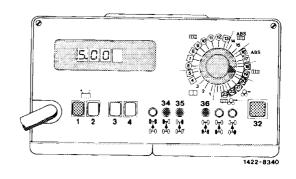
Additional test steps require a brake test bench.

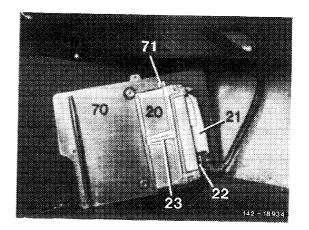
Note

Prior to test on drum dynamometer, perform test steps 1-19.

Test steps 20–23 require a perfectly functioning service brake. Drums of test bench and tires should be dry during test. When testing front axle, actuate parking brake.







Testing pressure reduction, testing for leaks and exchangeability.

Actuation

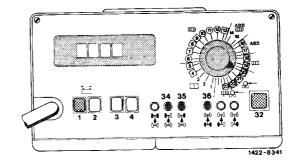
For testing at front axle, switch on lefthand or righthand drum of dynamometer only. For testing at rear axle, switch on both drums.

Actuate brake pedal until 2000 N braking force are attained. Then hold brake pedal in this position until test procedure is completed. Depress pushbutton VL (34) or VR (35) and additionally yellow light button (32).

Attention! At end of test, release brake pedal and only then yellow light button.

With rear axle of vehicle on dynamometer, actuate pushbutton HA (36) and yellow light button. Each time after depressing pushbutton and light button, check pressure reduction on measuring instruments of dynamometer.

medsaring motivations	,
Readout (on dynamome Good	ter) Fault
Lamp 1 (green) Pressure reduction Upon actuation of light button the braking force is reduced from 2000 N to approx. 800—1000 N. (500 N difference between VL and VR are permitted).	Pressure reduction Upon actuation of light button the braking force is reduced only slightly or not at all. If difference in brake force between VL and VR is more than 500 N, repeat test at pushbutton symbol VA and repeat opera- tion of both rollers.
Leak test When pedal force is increased, the braking force should not increase above this value (approx. 800 N to 1000 N) (do not release brake pedal during this test).	Leak test When pedal force is increased, the braking force will quickly rise above lower value.

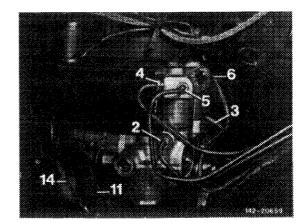


Exchangeability

The braking force is reduced and indicated in accordance with pushed buttons carrying symbols VL, VR or HA.

Exchangeability

The indicated braking force increases above 2000 N after actuation of yellow light button.



Pressure reduction

- 1. Check speed sensor (perform test step 23).
- 2. Hydraulic unit defective.

Leak test

- 1. Brake lines leaking.
- 2. Hydraulic unit leaking.

Exchangeability

Brake lines wrongly connected.

Remedy

Pressure reduction

Replace hydraulic unit.

Leak test

- 1. Check brake lines (visual checkup).
- 2. Replace hydraulic unit.

Exchangeability

Connect brake lines correctly.

Testing pressure build-up.

Actuation

Engage both drums of brake test bench. Actuate brake pedal until 2000 N braking force are attained on front axle.

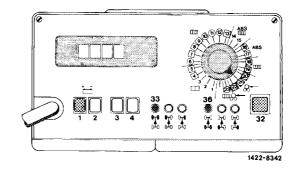
Keep brake pedal in this position constant until test is completed. Depress pushbutton VA (33) and additionally yellow light button (32).

Attention!

At end of test, release brake pedal first and only then yellow light button.

With rear axle of vehicle on brake test bench, repeat actuation while depressing pushbutton HA (36).

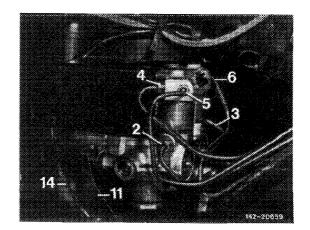
Readout (on test bench) Good	Fault
Lamp 1 (green) Upon actuation of yellow light button, braking forces are reduced from 2000 N to approx. 500—800 N on front axle and approx. 300—600 N on rear axle, and are then increased to approx. 1300—1500 N on front axle and rear axle. (Difference of 500 N between VL and VR permitted).	Braking force is built-up only slightly or not at all upon actuation of yellow light button.



Hydraulik unit defective.

Remedy

Replace hydraulic unit.



Testing pump delivery.

Actuation

Engage both drums of brake test bench. Actuate brake pedal until 2000 N braking force are attained on front axle. Keep brake pedal in this position constant until test sequence is completed. Depress pushbutton VA (33) and additionally yellow light button (32).

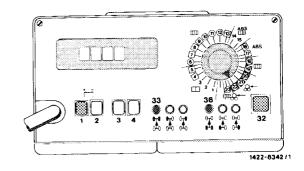
Attention!

At end of test release brake pedal first and then only yellow light button.

With rear axle of vehicle on test bench, repeat actuation and depress pushbutton HA (36).

Note: If test step is repeated, wait for approx. 10 s.

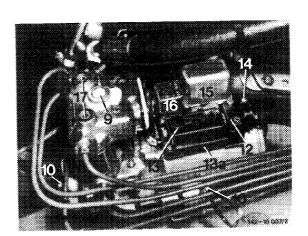
Readout Good	Fault
Lamp 1 (green) Upon actuation of yellow light button the braking force is reduced from 2000 N during first pressure reduction cycle to approx. 1000 N, and during second pressure reduction cycle to less than 500 N. The brake pedal will exert pressure against foot.	Upon actuation of yellow light button the braking force is only slightly reduced during second pressure reduction cycle to more than 500 N or not at all. (Repeat test step, if pedal force could not be held constant).



Return pump not delivering.

Remedy

Replace hydraulic unit.



Testing rpm sensors for function.

Actuation

Engage lefthand drum of brake test bench. Actuate pushbutton VL (34) and read digital readout. Disengage lefthand drum.

Engage righthand drum, actuate pushbutton VR (35) and read digital readout.

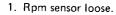
With rear axle of vehicle on brake test bench, engage both drums and actuate pushbutton HA (36).

Note

Readout around 10.00, if possible. If close to 1.00, search fault (probably wheel bearing play).

Readout

Good	Fault
Digital readout	Readout:
between 1.00	< (lower) 1.00
to 19.00	or close to 1.00

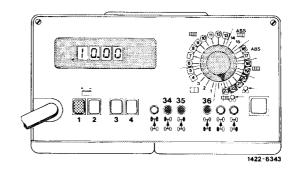


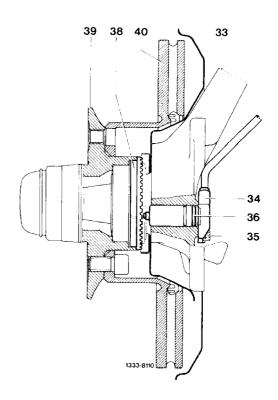
- 2. Respective rpm sensor defective.
- Air gap between rpm sensor (34) and gear wheel (38) (rotor) too large.
- 4. Foreign body on rpm sensor.

Remedy

- 1. Tighten rpm sensor.
- 2. Replace rpm sensor.
- 3. Check wheel bearing or wheel bearing play on front axle.
- 4. Check whether edge of rpm sensor carries a metallic foreign body.

End of test.





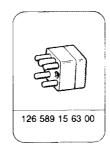
B. Testing with adapter

Special tool



126 589 09 21 00





Conventional tool

e.g. SUN

Type DMM 5

Multimeter

Digital multimeter with DC clip-on probe

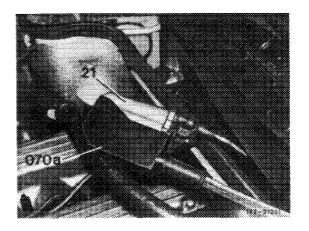
All SUN agencies

e.g. Thorn Emi, type Avometer 2003 Pocket multimeter without DC clip-on probe Thorn Emi Technologi Bodenseestraße 113

D-8000 München 60

Connecting tester

- 1 Remove electronic control unit with ignition switched off.
- 2 Connect multiple plug (35-polig) of cable set (21) for electronic control unit with plug (070a) of adapter (070).

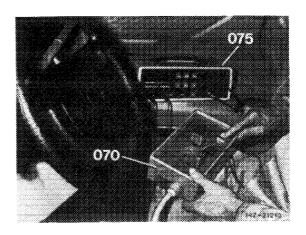


3 Connect multimeter.

Note: Do not drive vehicle with adapter connected.

Switch off all other current consumers during test.

This tester permits checking the entire ABS system with the exception of the electronic control unit.



Testing relay (51) for voltage supply of electronic control unit and valve relay (16) in rest position. Testing of overvoltage protection (51) and alternator.

Note

Relay (50) for voltage supply of electronic control unit and overvoltage protection (51) are one unit since September 1981.

The overvoltage protection has again been modified as of September 1985. It can be tested only together with protective adapter, part No. 126 589 15 63 00.

The overvoltage protection has 7 pins as of September 1986.

Actuation for testing relay (51) for voltage supply of electronic control unit and valve relay (16) in rest position

Rotary switch to position 1 — ignition Off.

Actuation for testing voltage supply

Rotary switch to position 1 — ignition On.

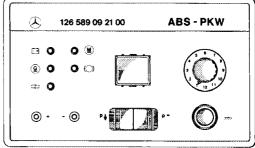
Note

LED and GON with ignition switched on, continuously. LED OFF below 10.5 battery voltage. LED GOFF when starting engine.

Actuation for testing alternator

Rotary switch to position 1 - ignition On. Run engine for a short moment.

Good	Fault
Relay (51) for	Relay (51) for
voltage supply	voltage supply
of electronic	of electronic
control unit	control unit
rest position	rest position
All LED 🔁 OFF	LED 🛅 ON
Voltage supply	Voltage supply
U = 10.5 15 V	U = < (lower) 10.5
LED 🔀 ON	LED 🚍 OFF
LED (G) ON	LED (G) OFF
ABS indicator lamp	ABS indicator lamp
ON	OFF
Alternator	Alternator
Charge indicator lamp	Charge indicator lamp
and LED (G) OFF	and LED (G) ON



Relay (50) for voltage supply of electronic control unit and valve relay (16) in rest position

- 1. Relay (50) defective.
- 2. Valve relay (16) defective.

Voltage supply

1. Charge condition of battery not in order.

Regulating voltage of alternator not in order.

- 2. Overvoltage protection (51) defective.
- 3. Relay (50) defective.
- 4. Connecting line interrupted.

Indicator lamp not in socket.

Indicator lamp defective.

- 5. Valve relay (16) defective.
- 6. Diode of hydraulic unit or in valve relay (16) defective.

Note

Modified hydraulic unit without diode in plug socket starting early 1986.

(Item 5 and 6 only if ABS indicator lamp is not lighting up).

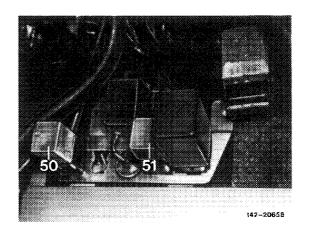
Remedy

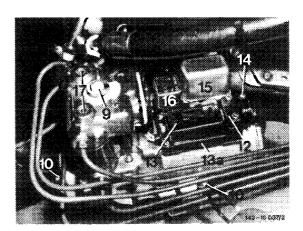
Relay (51) in rest position.

- 1. Renew relay (50).
- 2. Renew valve relay (16).

Voltage supply

- Check battery and recharge, if required, or check regulating voltage of alternator.
- 2. Renew overvoltage protection (51).
- 3. Renew relay (50).
- 4. Check connecting line. Check indicator lamp and renew, if required.
- 5. Renew valve relay (16).
- 6. Replace hydraulic unit or valve relay (16).





Testing valve relay (16).

Actuation: Ignition on. Rotary switch in position 2.

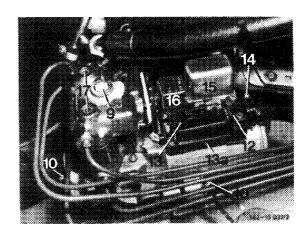
Readout Good	Fault
ABS indicator lamp off.	ABS indicator lamp on.
LED TON	LED 🖽 OFF
LED © ON	LED © OFF
LED 🖾 ON	LED 🕁 OFF

<u> </u>	126 589 09	21 00	ABS - PKW
□ 0	o 🗷		
Q O	0 ()		
~ 0		()	1,21,3
() +	- (i)	·	y- ()

- 1. Valve relay (16) defective.
- 2. Connecting line interrupted.

Remedy

- 1. Renew valve relay (16).
- 2. Check connecting line.



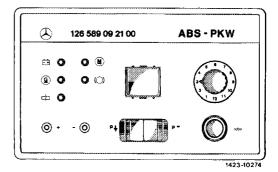
Test step 3

Testing diode in hydraulic unit or in valve relay (volts).

Note: Modified hydraulic unit without diode in plug socket since early 1986.

Actuation: Ignition On. Rotary switch in position 3.

Readout Good	Fault
ABS indicator lamp ON U = 0.4 - 1.5 V	ABS indicator lamp OFF U = < (lower) 0.4 V U = > (higher) 1.5 V
LED 🗀 ON	LED A OFF
LED (G) ON	LED (G) OFF



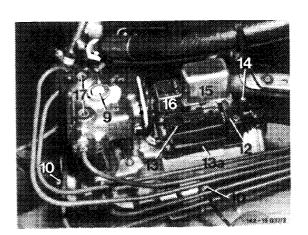
- 1. Valve relay (16) defective.
- 2. Diode of hydraulic unit or in valve relay (16) defective.
- 3. Connecting line interrupted or interchanged.

Remedy

- 1. Renew valve relay (16).
- 2. Replace hydraulic unit or valve relay (16).
- 3. Check connecting line.

Attention!

If the ABS indicator lamp goes out upon replacement of hydraulic unit with ignition switched on and the engine not running, also replace electronic control unit as a consecutive damage of the defective diode.



Test steps 4, 5 and 6

Test internal resistance, insulation resistance and exchangeability of rpm sensors VL (4), VR (5) and HA (6); (ohms and volts).

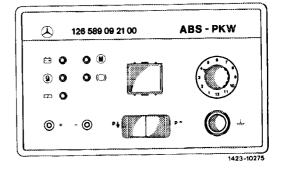
Actuation for testing internal resistance Ignition on. Rotary switch consecutively to position 4 (VL), 5 (VR) and 6 (HA).

Actuation for testing insulation resistance Ignition on. Rotary switch consecutively to position 4 (VL), 5 (VR) and 6 (HA). Push ground connection button.

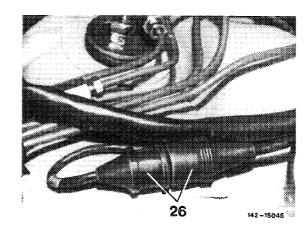
Actuation for testing exchangeability Ignition on. Rotary switch consecutively to position 4 (VL), 5 (VR) and 6 (HA). Turn respective wheel approx. 1 rev/sec.

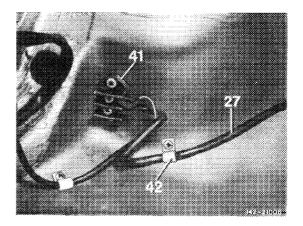
Note

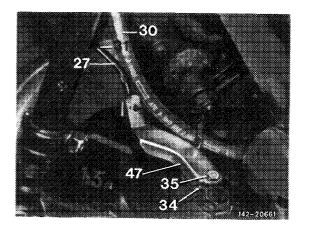
- 1. When testing rpm sensor of rear axle, hold one wheel in place.
- 2. To simplify test sequence it will be of advantage to perform the test for pressure-holding or pressure reduction (test steps 8, 9 and 10) after testing for exchangeability.



Readout	
Good	Fault
LED TON	LED 🖽 OFF
LED © ON	LED (G) OFF
ABS indicator lamp ON	ABS indicator lamp OFF
Internal resistance Front axle 0.85 k Ω	Internal resistance Front axle $<$ (lower) 0.85 k Ω $>$ (higher) 2.3 k Ω
Rear axle 0.6 k Ω – 1.6 k Ω	Rear axle $<$ (lower) 0.6 k Ω $>$ (higher) 1.6 k Ω
Insulation resistance $>$ (higher) 20 k Ω	Insulation resistance $<$ (lower) 20 k Ω
Exchangeability U ~ ≥ 0.1 V ~	Exchangeability 0 V







Internal resistance test and exchangeability

- 1. Poor contact on coaxial plugs (26) or on cable connector (41).
- 2. Line to respective rpm sensor interrupted or interchanged.
- 3. Rpm sensor defective.
- 4. Wheel bearing play too high.

Insulation resistance test

- 1. Line to respective rpm sensor connected to ground.
- Coaxial plug (26) or cable connector
 (41) connected to ground.
- 3. Rpm sensor connected to ground.

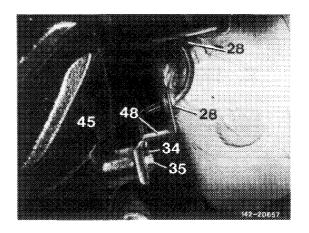
Remedy

Internal resistance test and exchangeability

- 1. Test coaxial plug or cable connector.
- 2. Check connecting lines.
- 3. Renew rpm sensor.
- 4. Adjust wheel bearing play.

Insulation resistance test

- 1. Test line toward rpm sensor.
- 2. Test coaxial plug or cable connector.
- 3. Renew rpm sensor.



Test steps 8, 9 and 10

Testing of internal resistance, of pressure holding and pressure reduction of solenoid valves, testing of return pump.

Actuation for testing internal resistance Ignition off. Push grounding button. Rotary switch consecutively to position 8 (VL), 9 (VR) and 10 (HA).

Note

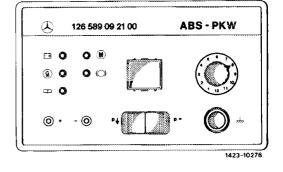
Pay attention to resistance of measuring line!

Actuation for testing pressure holding Ignition on. Rotary switch consecutively to position 8 (VL), 9 (VR) and 10 (HA). Turn respective wheel. Push P=- button. Operate brake pedal.

Actuation for testing pressure reduction Ignition on. Rotary switch consecutively to position 8 (VL), 9 (VR) and 10 (HA). Operate brake pedal. Push P = - button. Turn respective wheel.

Note

After releasing P – button, LED $(\underline{\mathbf{M}})$ should slowly go out.



	Fault
Internal resistance 0.7 Ω $-$ 1.7 Ω	Internal resistance $>$ (higher) 1.7 Ω $<$ (lower) 0.7 Ω
Pressure behavior	Pressure behavior
LED 🖽 ON	LED ET OFF
LED (G) ON	LED (G) OFF
LED 🕁 ON	LED 🖾 OFF
ABS indicator lamp	ABS indicator lamp
OFF Wheel should	ON
permit turning.	Wheel stops.
Pressure reduction	Pressure reduction
LED 🛅 ON	LED 🖽 OFF
LED (G) ON	LED (G) OFF
LED 🖂 ON	LED 🕁 OFF
LED (M) ON	LED (M) OFF
ABS indicator lamp	ABS indicator lamp
OFF	ON
OFF Wheel should	ON Wheel cannot be
OFF Wheel should permit turning.	ON Wheel cannot be turned.
OFF Wheel should permit turning. Return pump running. Note: Test steps 8, 9 an formed on a drum dyna	ON Wheel cannot be turned. Return pump not running.
OFF	ON Wheel cannot be turned. Return pump not running. Id 10 can also be persmometer.
OFF Wheel should permit turning. Return pump running. Note: Test steps 8, 9 an formed on a drum dyna Observe the following: Readout Good	ON Wheel cannot be turned. Return pump not running. Id 10 can also be persmometer.
OFF Wheel should permit turning. Return pump running. Note: Test steps 8, 9 an formed on a drum dyna Observe the following: Readout Good Pressure holding	ON Wheel cannot be turned. Return pump not running. Ind 10 can also be personometer. Fault Pressure holding
OFF Wheel should permit turning. Return pump running. Note: Test steps 8, 9 an formed on a drum dyna Observe the following: Readout Good	ON Wheel cannot be turned. Return pump not running. Id 10 can also be persmometer.
OFF Wheel should permit turning. Return pump running. Note: Test steps 8, 9 an formed on a drum dyna Observe the following: Readout Good Pressure holding No brake force should build up.	ON Wheel cannot be turned. Return pump not running. Id 10 can also be permometer. Fault Pressure holding Brake force building up.
OFF Wheel should permit turning. Return pump running. Note: Test steps 8, 9 an formed on a drum dyna Observe the following: Readout Good Pressure holding No brake force	ON Wheel cannot be turned. Return pump not running. Id 10 can also be permometer. Fault Pressure holding Brake force
OFF Wheel should permit turning. Return pump running. Note: Test steps 8, 9 and formed on a drum dyna Observe the following: Readout Good Pressure holding No brake force should build up. Pressure reduction The introduced braking force should	ON Wheel cannot be turned. Return pump not running. Id 10 can also be permometer. Fault Pressure holding Brake force building up. Pressure reduction The introduced braking force is not
OFF Wheel should permit turning. Return pump running. Note: Test steps 8, 9 and formed on a drum dyna Observe the following: Readout Good Pressure holding No brake force should build up. Pressure reduction The introduced	ON Wheel cannot be turned. Return pump not running. Id 10 can also be permometer. Fault Pressure holding Brake force building up. Pressure reduction The introduced

Internal resistance test

- 1. Poor contact at plug connection on hydraulic unit.
- 2. Connecting lines interrupted.
- 3. Solenoid valve defective.

Pressure holding and pressure reduction

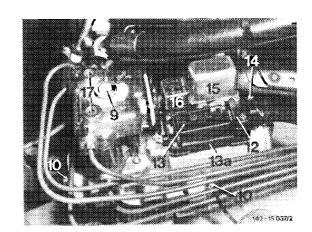
- 1. Motor relay (15) defective.
- 2. Return pump defective.
- 3. Solenoid valve defective.

Remedy Internal resistance test

- 1. Check plug connection.
- 2. Check connecting lines.
- 3. Renew hydraulic unit.

Pressure holding and pressure reduction

- 1. Renew motor relay (15).
- 2. Renew hydraulic unit.



Test step 12

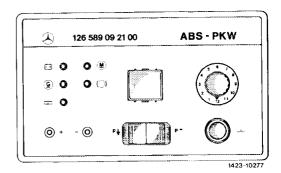
Testing overvoltage protection.

Attention!

An overvoltage protection with integrated relay for voltage supply of electronic control unit and an exchangeable fuse are installed since September 1981. During test the overvoltage protection version installed in vehicle must be plugged into test unit.

As of September 1985 the overvoltage protection has again been modified. It can be tested only together with protective adapter part No. 126 589 15 63 00.

As of September 1986 the overvoltage protection has 7 pins.



Actuation

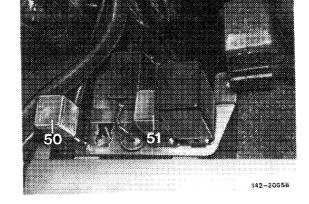
Ignition On. Rotary switch in position 12. Plug overvoltage protection of vehicle into adapter and of adapter into vehicle.

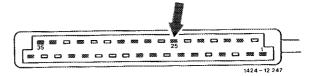
Readout Good	Fault
LED ① ON LED ② ON ABS indicator lamp ON U = 0.4 - 1.5 V	LED GOFF LED GOFF ABS indicator lamp OFF U = < (lower) 0.4 V U = > (higher) 1.5 V

1. Overvoltage protection (51) defective.

Remedy

1. Renew overvoltage protection (51).





Testing of stop lamp switch

Note

Only possible with modified cable harness, installed as of February 1984. The stop lamp switch is connected to 35-pole plug on pin 25.

Actuation

Ignition On. Operate brake pedal.

Readout Good	Fault
LED (0) On	LED (0) Off

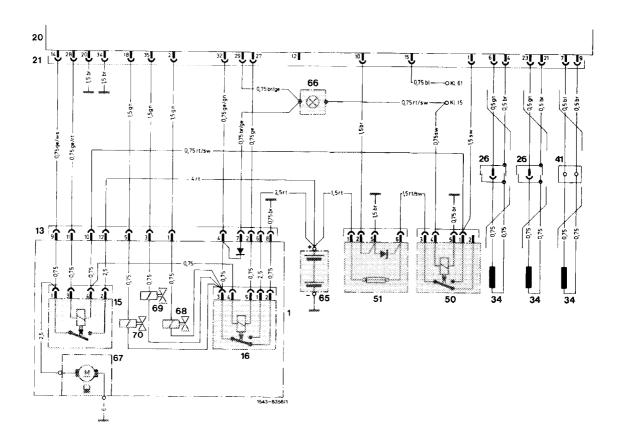
- 1. Stop lamp switch defective.
- 2. Connecting line interrupted.

Remedy

- 1. Renew stop lamp switch.
- 2. Check connecting line.



Electric wiring diagram (Electronic control unit 1st version Indicator lamp goes out after 5 km/h).



- Hydraulic unit Plug socket of hydraulic unit

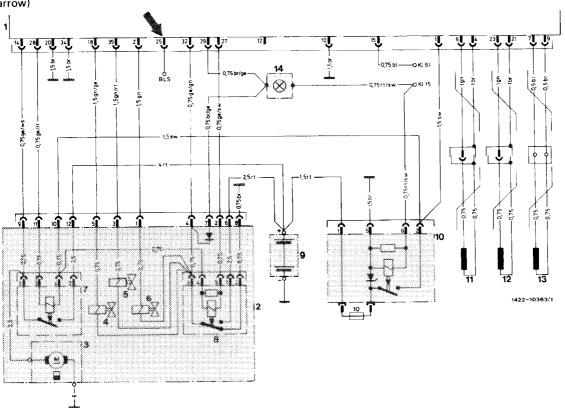
- Relay for return pump motor
 Relay for solenoid valve
 Electronic control unit
 Multiple plug for electronic control unit
- Coaxial plug
- Rpm sensor Cable connector

- 50 51 Relay for voltage supply of electronic control unit Overvoltage protection
- Battery
- ABS indicator lamp Return pump motor
- 66 67 68 69 Solenoid valve for front axle left Solenoid valve for front axle right Solenoid valve for rear axle

Electric wiring diagram

(Electronic control unit 2nd version Indicator lamp goes out when engine is started).

(Electronic control unit 3rd version with green or blue Bosch type rating plate Stop lamp switch included in ABS logics, pin 25, arrow)



- Electronic control unit
- Hydraulic unit Return pump motor
- Solenoid valve for rear axle
 Solenoid valve for front axle right
 Solenoid valve for front axle left
 Relay for return pump motor
 Relay for solenoid valves

- Battery Overvoltage protection and relay for voltage supply of electronic control unit
- 11 Rpm sensor front axle left12 Rpm sensor front axle right13 Rpm sensor rear axle
- ABS indicator lamp